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Original article

RESEARCH OF MIGRATION FLOWS FROM DIFFERENT ECONOMIC-LANDSCAPE ZONES OF MOUNTAIN AREAS OF KBR

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Annotation. In the article we study the reasons for emigration from the mountainous territories of South Russia. The modern world is characterized by the globalization of economic relations and high labor mobility. So to study the features of interregional migration flows, their impact on the development of socio-ecological and economic systems of regions is of a great importance. The urgency of these problems increases for multi-ethnic regions, where both the high incentive to preserve ethno-cultural traditions and the real blurring of ethnic landscape boundaries are observed. We give our definition of the term "mountainous territory" and analyze the influence of a complex of exogenous and endogenous factors on the formation and development of economic and landscape zones of the mountainous territories of the KBR. The economic and landscape zoning of the mountainous territories of the KBR was carried out, and 4 zones were identified - the western mountain zone, the central mountain zone, the Nalchik mountain zone, and the eastern mountain zone. An analysis of the industrial structure of the selected zones' GDP was carried out. Emigration from the economic and landscape zones of the mountainous territories of the KBR was estimated. The tightness of the relationship between the share of the population with monetary incomes below the subsistence level and the level of emigration has been determined.

Keywords: migration, economic landscape areas, mountainous areas, GDP structure, correlation

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