LEXICO-SEMANTIC FIELD OF THE WORD ALA IN TURKIC LANGUAGES
(ON THE MATERIAL OF THE KAZAKH LANGUAGE)

B.A. MUSUKOV

The article is devoted to a comprehensive study of the lexical and semantic features of the attributive component of descriptive phrases, lexicalized phrases, doubled constructions of the indicator of variegated color designation, a term-forming lexeme - the word ala in the Kazakh language, participating in the categorization of mixed segments of the linguistic space.

It examines the distinctive features of free and lexicalized phrases, pair-repeated constructions, examines the issues of lexicographic interpretation of "double names".

The paper analyzes the issues of combining the attributive component of ala with nouns, an asemantic analogue.

The article draws attention to the peculiarities of the selective combination of various phrases with affixal morphemes, both derivational and inflectional.

Keywords: reinforcing constructions, lexical units, lexical and semantic features, categorization of linguistic space, asemantic analogue, morphologization.

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Information about the author:

Musukov Boris Abdulkerimovich, Doctor of Philology, Head of the Karachay-Balkar Language sector of the Institute for Humanitarian Researches - a branch of the Federal Scientific Center “Kabardino-Balkarian Scientific Center of the Russian Academy of Sciences”.
360000, KBR, Nalchik, Pushkin street, 18.
Ph.: 8-928-083-67-97.
E-mail: kbigi@ mail.ru