

INTEGRATED SYSTEM OF FIGHTING WITH WEED VEGETATION ON FIELDS OF CORN HYBRIDES AND THEIR PARENT FORMS IN THE CONDITIONS OF THE KBR

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Corn is one of the most important crops in the world. Due to its properties, corn has diverse uses: for feeding people, for animal feed, and also as a renewable raw material for processing for technical needs [1].

The long-term experiences of the Kabardino-Balkaria Agricultural Research Institute show the possibilities of significantly increasing the grain yield and the silage mass of corn through the use of scientifically based technology for its cultivation. It boils down to the development and implementation of a set of interrelated measures, the timely and high-quality implementation of which provides for obtaining stable high yields while observing the requirements for increasing soil fertility, fighting weeds, diseases and pests based on environmental protection and high economic efficiency of production. This takes into account the level of material and technical equipment, biological characteristics of varieties and hybrids of maize, the state of a particular field, and natural and climatic conditions [2].

In the article, we consider the effect of soil and post-harvest herbicides on the hybridization sites of promising corn hybrids, as well as the use of biostimulants in order to eliminate stressful situations.

Key words: maize, hybrids, herbicides, hybridization plot, harvest.

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